

Additional Biosecurity Information for Producers

In response to HPAI, efforts to increase on-farm biosecurity have come to the forefront. BC Dairy's Producer Service team would like to highlight additional industry resources that producers can use when developing individual farm biosecurity plans.

- 1) Consult your [Biosecurity Risk Assessment](#) that you've completed with your vet and consider implementing (if not already done so) the recommendations that are outlined on the final page, the incremental management plan.
- 2) Implement a consistent [Biosecurity Visitor Log](#) to track farm visitors.
- 3) Refer to the [Biosecurity for Canadian Dairy Farms: National Standard Guide](#). This guide provides resources such as information on developing a biosecurity plan, identifying biosecurity zones, and methods to control access to high-risk areas on your farm.

For example: Identifying Controlled Access Zones vs Restricted Access Zones

- Create a farm map like the one below to identify biosecurity zones.
 - o Use Google maps to screenshot farm for actual representation of farm
- This will help you to identify areas that could be at high risk for transmission.
- Biosecurity zones will help manage farm traffic and help prepare you, your staff, service providers, and suppliers in the event of a positive case.

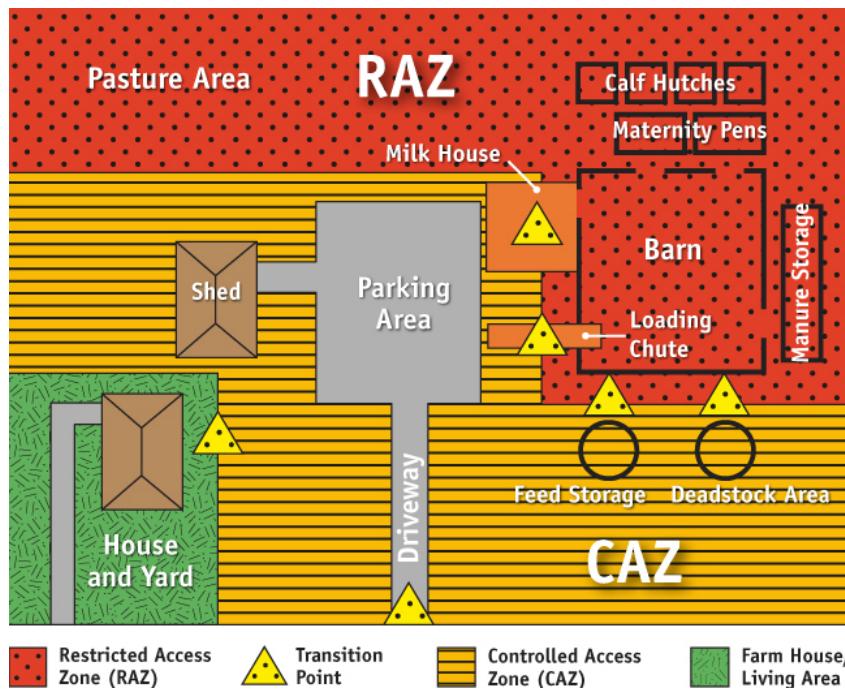


Image Source: Section 3.5.1 - Figure 1 - Establishing Biosecurity Zones – [Biosecurity for Canadian Dairy Farms National Standard](#) (CFIA 2013)

We encourage you to stay informed and be prepared to implement an increased level of biosecurity on your farm based on recommendations from your vet, Dairy Farmers of Canada and BC's Chief Veterinarian.